2025 EXECUTIVE ORDER TARIFFS / SUMMARY FOR MEXICO AND CANADA

Statutory Tariffs	Duty Rate	Start Date	Notes
Most Favored Nation Tariffs (Statutory)	Commodity Specific	N/A	MFN tariffs are set by the U.S. Congress and <u>are not</u> excused / replaced by E.O. tariffs. Rates are listed in the Harmonized Tariff Schedule (HTS). Tariff rates vary by commodity [ex.: toys: 0%, passenger vehicles: 2.5%, motorcycles: 3.7%, etc.] Parties that receive trade agreement (including USMCA) preferential treatment have their MFN duties forgiven/reduced, based on specific agreement terms (Mexico / Canada: General Note 11).
2025 Executive Order Tariffs	Duty Rate	Start Date	Notes
E.O. 14289: 2025 E.O. Tariffs are NOT cumulative where multiple tariffs apply to same good. 2025 E.O. Tariffs include: (a) Sec. 232 Tariffs on autos; (b) IEEPA Tariffs on Country-of-Origin Canada; (c) IEEPA Tariffs on Country-of-Origin Mexico; (d) Sec. 232 Tariffs on aluminum; (e) Sec. 232 Tariffs on steel Duty for goods that fall subject to multiple E.O.'s Tariffs shall apply as follows: Goods subject to (a) (Sec. 232 Tariffs on Autos) shall not be subject to additional 2025 E.O. tariffs (b – e) Goods subject to (b-c) (IEEPA Tariffs on Canada / Mexico) shall not be subject to additional 2025 E.O. Tariffs (d – e) Goods subject to (d) (Sec. 232 Tariffs on Aluminum) may be subject to additional 2025 E.O. Tariffs (e) (Sec. 232 Tariffs on Steel), and goods subject to (e) may be subject to (d).			Each of the 2025 E.O. Tariffs remains independently valid amd enforceable, except where cumulative exception applies. This reprieve does NOT excuse other tariffs, duties, taxes, fees, or other exactions (examples: Sec. 301 duties, AD/CVD, merchandise processing fees, harbor maintenance fees, excise taxes, etc.). This order shall apply retroactively to all entries of merchandise subject to any 2025 E.O. Tariffs of this order and entered on or after 4 March 2025. Any refunds will be processed pursuant to applicable laws and U.S. Customs and Border Protection's standard procedures for such refunds. HTSUS changes must be made by 16 May 2025. Additional guidance, including regarding refunds, will be published as soon as possible. 90 FRN 18907; CSMS 64916414
Country-of-Origin – Mexico & Canada (IEEPA) E.O.'s (Canada):14193,14197 (Mexico):14194, 14198	25% ad valorem (10% for Canadian Potash and Energy Products) FRNs: (Canada) 90 FR 9113, 90 FR 9183, 90 FR 11423 (Mexico) 90 FR 9117, 90 FR 9185, 90 FR 11429	4 March	Reprieve for goods receiving USMCA preferential treatment (no expiration date expressed in E.O. / FRN). De Minimis Exception (<\$800 USD) allowed. No Drawback. CSMS: (Canada): 63988467, 63991510, 64297449, 64336037; (Mexico): 64297292, 64335789
Reciprocal Tariffs (Worldwide) (IEEPA) E.O. 14257, E.O. 14259	10% worldwide tariff / additional tariffs on enumerated countries FRN: 90 FR 15041, 90 FR 15509	5 April (10% worldwide) 9 July (specific % rates for enumerated countries)	The 10% baseline reciprocal tariffs do NOT apply to Mexico and Canada. [The 25%/10% IEEPA tariff on Country-of-Origin Mexico and Canda goods still applies]. If the MX/CA exclusion is terminated, no Reciprocal Duty Tariffs will be owed for goods receiving USMCA preferential treatment. For goods NOT receiving USMCA preferential treatment, an additional duty of 12% will be levied. (not be applicable to goods entered under USMCA preferential treatment for Country-of-Origin U.S.). In addition, a list of specific commodity types (incl. high tech goods) are exempted (listed in FRN and CSMS). Sec. 232 goods are not subject to IEEPA Reciprocal Tariffs (i.e. steel, aluminum, automotive goods). CSMS: 64649265, 64687696, 64680374, 64701128, 64724565

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Tariffs on Steel and Aluminum (Worldwide) (Sec. 232) Proc. 10896 (Steel)	25% for Steel / Derivative Steel FRN: 90 FR 9817 25% (increase from 10%) for AL /	FRN: 90 FR 9817 12 March 25% (increase from 10%) for AL / Derivative AL	USMCA preferential treatment does not excuse these tariffs; 2018 bilateral exemptions that Mexico and Canada negotiated terminated. Steel/Aluminum goods subject to Sec. 232 tariffs are exempted from IEEPA Reciprocal Tariffs (IEEPA Country-of-Origin Mexico and Canada tariffs will still apply).
Proc. 10895 (<i>AL</i>)	FRN: 90 FR 9807, 90 FR 14705		CSMS: (Steel): 64348411; (AL): 64348411, 64605146, 64639013
Tariffs on Automotive Goods (Worldwide) (Sec. 232) Proc. 10908 E.O (Amendments to Adjusting Imports of Autos and Auto Parts into the U.S.; 29 April 2025)	25% ad valorem for automotive goods FRN: 90 FR 14705, (29 April 2025 E.O.)	3 April (Finished Autos) 3 May (Automotive Components)	USMCA / T-MEC: Importers who claim USMCA/T-MEC preferential treatment can seek the value of the finished auto's U.S. content subtracted from the overall calculation of value for tariff assessment (<i>I.e.</i> auto tariff will be 25% ad valorem of solely non-U.S. content). Certain auto components are exempt from Sec 232 duties (specifically, goods entered under USMCA / T-MEC preferential treatment and those which are not components for passenger vehicles or light tucks) at least until guidance is provided on procedures for U.Scontent carveouts for the calculation of duty for final assembled vehicles (See CSMS 64916652). +++Additional guidance is pending+++ Where importers overstate value of U.S. content, tariffs will apply to the entire value of the good (retroactively to 3 April & prospectively until accurate U.S. value established). No Drawback. E.O modifies Sec. 232 auto tariffs by offering an offset for automotive parts used in U.Sassembled vehicles. +++Additional guidance is pending+++ • 3.75% of MSRP of producer's U.S. production (3 April 2025 to 30 April 30, 2026), and • 2.5% of MSRP of producer's U.S. production (1 May 2026 to 30 April 30, 2026), and • 2.5% of MSRP of producer's U.S. production (1 May 2026 to 30 April 2027). These percentages reflect the duty that would be owed when a 25% duty is applied to the value of the U.S. – assembled vehicle. [15% (Year 1)/10% (Year 2)]. Only autos undergoing final assembly in the United States are eligible to be included in this calculation. White House Fact Sheet: www.WhiteHouse.gov/fact-sheets/2025/04/fact-sheet-president-donald-j-trump-incentivizes-domestic-automobile-production Import adjustment offset amount may only be used by importers of record authorized by the producer. The amount may be used to offset tariff liability by producer, with no offset available for any other tariff liability. Producers may determine component suppliers eligible to decrement against that producer's approved import adjustment offset amount. Commerce will establi
			Potential Tariffs
Additional Sec. 232 Tariffs (Worldwide) E.O. 14420 (Copper) E.O. 14223 (Timber / Lumber) E.O. 14272 (Critical Minerals)	Potential Tariffs for Additional Commodity Types, Pending U.S. Dept. of Commerce Reports FRN: 90 FR 11940 (Copper) 90 FR 11359 (Timber / Lumber) 90 FR 16437 (Critical Minerals)	Commerce Reports Due to W.H. in Oct. / Nov. 2025	The U.S. Department of Commerce has been directed, via Executive Orders, to perform Sec. 232 investigations on a series of commodity types, which <u>may</u> result in Sec. 232 duties, details pending. Mexico and Canada are significant importers of these commodity types to the United States.